

**NAME**

w\_list\_t – generic list structures

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <w.h>
#include <w_list.h>
// for definition of offsetof(x,y):
#include <stddef.h>

class w_link_t;
class T {
    // your type
    ...
    w_link_t    _link;
    ...
};

// unsorted lists:
template <class T> class w_list_t;

// iterator over a w_list_t:
template <class T> class w_list_i;
template <class T> class w_list_const_i;

// sorted lists:
template <class T, class K> w_descend_list_t;
template <class T, class K> w_ascend_list_t;
```

**DESCRIPTION**

This is a set templates for managing doubly-linked lists of objects of type **T** (for user-defined types T). The double-linking of items into lists is accomplished with the class *w\_link\_t*, which must be a member of the type T. The template methods operate on the *w\_link\_t* member. The name of the member can be anything; the methods locate the member by information given when the list is constructed:

```
w_list_t<mytype> l(offsetof(mytype, mylink));
```

where the template parameter is the type:

```
class mytype {
    int          a;
    w_link_t     mylink;
    ...
    int          b;
};
```

The lists managed by these templates are of two general kinds: unsorted and sorted.

**Unsorted lists**

Unsorted lists ( **w\_list\_t<T>** ) are constructed as in the example given above.

Items are put into the list with the any of the following methods:

```
w_list_t<T>&    push(T* t);
T*             pop();      // reverse of push
w_list_t<T>&    append(T* t);
T*             chop();     //reverse of append
```

These methods return the objects at the front and rear of the lists:

```
T*    top();
T*    bottom();
```

A list can be printed with

```

friend ostream&          operator<<(  
    ostream&              o,  
    const w_list_t<T>&    l);

```

Unsorted lists are traversed with iterators (instances of `w_list_i<T>` ), which have methods `next()`, `curr()`, and `reset()`.

```

{
    mytype    *p;
    w_list_i<mytype> iter(l);
    for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        p = iter.next();
        if ( p->a == .... // whatever you wish
    }
}

```

### Sorted lists

Sorted lists ( `w_descend_list_t<T,K>` and `w_ascend_list_t<T,K>` ) are lists of objects containing **keys**, which are members of the template parameter class `T`, whose type is the template parameter type `K`.

Sorted lists are traversed by calling their methods

```
virtual T *search(const K &);
```

In order for the method `search` to work, the template has to find a member of the key type `K` in each instance of type `T` that is in the list. For this reason, each ordered list is constructed with the location of the key as well as the location of the `w_link_t`:

```

// order this list on the value of a in descending order
w_descend_list_t<mytype, int> l(  
    offsetof(mytype, a),  
    offsetof(mytype, mylink) // offset of link  
);

```

```

// order this list on the value of b in ascending order
w_ascend_list_t<mytype, int> l(  
    offsetof(mytype, b),  
    offsetof(mytype, mylink) // offset of link  
);

```

Objects are inserted into sorted lists with the method `put_in_order`:

```
virtual void put_in_order(T* t);
```

Sorted lists can be traversed with iterators ( `w_list_i` ), and with these methods:

```

T* first();
T* last();

```

In addition, methods derived from `w_list_i` such as `pop` can be used to remove items from the head list (e.g, for destroying the entire list).

### DERIVING NEW LISTS

The methods `search` and `put_in_order` are declared virtual so that other list types can be derived from these templates.

### BUGS

There are no methods for removing items from the middle of a list.

### VERSION

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**SEE ALSO**

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